Measuring and Comparing Capacity

Name: _____ Date: _____

Part A: Understanding Capacity 📏

Remember: 1 litre (L) = 1000 millilitres (mL)

1. Circle the larger capacity:

   a) 500 mL or 2 L

   b) 1500 mL or 1 L

   c) 3 L or 2500 mL

   d) 750 mL or 1 L

Part B: Converting Units

2. Convert these measurements:

   a) 2 L = _____ mL

   b) 5000 mL = _____ L

   c) 3 L = _____ mL

   d) 4000 mL = _____ L

   e) 6 L = _____ mL

   f) 8000 mL = _____ L

Part C: Comparing Containers 🧃

3. Write **<**, **>**, or **=** to compare:

   a) 2 L _____ 1500 mL

   b) 4000 mL _____ 4 L

   c) 3500 mL _____ 4 L

   d) 5 L _____ 5000 mL

   e) 2500 mL _____ 3 L

Part D: Real-World Capacity

4. A bucket holds 5 litres and a jug holds 2500 mL. How much more capacity does the bucket have?

   Answer: _____

5. Sam has three bottles: 1 L, 750 mL, and 1500 mL. What is the total capacity?

   Answer: _____

6. A fish tank holds 8 litres of water. If 3500 mL is already in the tank, how much more water is needed to fill it?

Answer: _____

Part E: Ordering Capacity

7. Order these containers from smallest to largest capacity:

4 L 3500 mL 2 L 5000 mL

_____ _____

_____ _____